

## PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT (PIA)

#### For the

Deployed Tele-Radiology System (DTRS) / Theater Imaging Repository (TIR)

Defense Health Agency (DHA)

### **SECTION 1: IS A PIA REQUIRED?**

a. Will this Department of Defense (DoD) information system or electronic collection of
information (referred to as an "electronic collection" for the purpose of this form) collect,
maintain, use, and/or disseminate PII about members of the public, Federal personnel,
contractors or foreign nationals employed at U.S. military facilities internationally? Choose
one option from the choices below. (Choose (3) for foreign nationals).

	(1)	Yes, from members of the general public.
$\boxtimes$	(2)	Yes, from Federal personnel* and/or Federal contractors.
	(3)	Yes, from both members of the general public and Federal personnel and/or Federal contractors.
	(4)	No

- b. If "No," ensure that DITPR or the authoritative database that updates DITPR is annotated for the reason(s) why a PIA is not required. If the DoD information system or electronic collection is not in DITPR, ensure that the reason(s) are recorded in appropriate documentation.
- c. If "Yes," then a PIA is required. Proceed to Section 2.

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<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Federal personnel" are referred to in the DoD IT Portfolio Repository (DITPR) as "Federal employees."

## **SECTION 2: PIA SUMMARY INFORMATION**

a.	a. Why is this PIA being created or updated? Choose one:						
		New DoD Informa	tion System		New Electro	nic Collection	
	$\boxtimes$	Existing DoD Info	rmation System		Existing Ele	ctronic Collection	
		Significantly Mod System	ified DoD Inform	ation			
b. Is this DoD information system registered in the DITPR or the DoD Secret Internet Protocol Router Network (SIPRNET) IT Registry?							
		Yes, DITPR	Enter DITPR S	ystem Ider	ntification Number		
		Yes, SIPRNET	Enter SIPRNET	Identifica	tion Number		
	$\boxtimes$	No					
c. Does this DoD information system have an IT investment Unique Project Identifier (UPI), required by section 53 of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-11?							
		Yes		⊠ No			
	If "Y	es," enter UPI					
	If unsure, consult the Component IT Budget Point of Contact to obtain the UPI.						
d. Does this DoD information system or electronic collection require a Privacy Act System of Records Notice (SORN)?							
	A Privacy Act SORN is required if the information system or electronic collection contains information about U.S. citizens or lawful permanent U.S. residents that is <u>retrieved</u> by name or other unique identifier. PIA and Privacy Act SORN information should be consistent.						
	$\boxtimes$	Yes		☐ No			
If "Yes," enter Privacy Act SORN Identifier EDHA 07							
	DoD Component-assigned designator, not the Federal Register number. Consult the Component Privacy Office for additional information or access DoD Privacy Act SORNs at: http://www.defenselink.mil/privacy/notices/						
		or					
	Date	of submission for a Consult the C	approval to Defe				

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This number indicates OMB approval to collect data from 10 or more members of the public in a 12-month period regardless of form or format. Yes **Enter OMB Control Number Enter Expiration Date**  $\boxtimes$ No f. Authority to collect information. A Federal law, Executive Order of the President (EO), or DoD requirement must authorize the collection and maintenance of a system of records. (1) If this system has a Privacy Act SORN, the authorities in this PIA and the existing Privacy Act SORN should be the same. (2) Cite the authority for this DoD information system or electronic collection to collect, use, maintain and/or disseminate PII. (If multiple authorities are cited, provide all that apply.) (a) Whenever possible, cite the specific provisions of the statute and/or EO that authorizes the operation of the system and the collection of PII. (b) If a specific statute or EO does not exist, determine if an indirect statutory authority can be cited. An indirect authority may be cited if the authority requires the operation or administration of a program, the execution of which will require the collection and maintenance of a system of records. (c) DoD Components can use their general statutory grants of authority ("internal housekeeping") as the primary authority. The requirement, directive, or instruction implementing the statute within the DoD Component should be identified. 10 U.S.C., Chapter 55, Medical and Dental Care; 32 CFR Part 199, Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS); and E.O. 9397 (SSN), as amended.

e. Does this DoD information system or electronic collection have an OMB Control Number? Contact the Component Information Management Control Officer or DoD Clearance Officer for this information.

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# g. Summary of DoD information system or electronic collection. Answers to these questions should be consistent with security guidelines for release of information to the public.

(1) Describe the purpose of this DoD information system or electronic collection and briefly describe the types of personal information about individuals collected in the system.

Background: Tele-radiology is the electronic transmission of radiological images from one location to another for the purposes of interpretation and / or consultation. Tele-radiology allows for timely interpretation of radiological images, greater access to secondary consultations (i.e., users in different locations may simultaneously view images), and greater continuing education than non-electronically transmitted radiology. Appropriately utilized, tele-radiology can improve access to quality radiological interpretations and thus significantly improve patient care.

Purpose: The Deployed Tele-Radiology System (DTRS), a Commercial Off The Shelf (COTS) product from MedWeb©, serves as the local Picture Archiving Communications System (PACS) providing tele-radiology services to deployed forces in Theater.

DTRS servers combine the functions of a PACS archive, Digital Imaging Communication in Medicine (DICOM) web server, telemedicine web server, Ethernet Proxy gateway, Virtual Private Network (VPN) encryption router, and satellite enhanced DICOM internet tunnel. DTRS servers receive, store, and transmit medical images acquired from diagnostic imaging devices (e.g., Computed Radiography (CR) x-ray, Computed Tomography (CT), and Ultrasound (US)). Diagnostic workstations running the Medweb client application provide for the presentation and manipulation of DTRS PACS images. DTRS also comes equipped with a barcode scanner that captures patient demographic information from a patient's Common Access Card (CAC) and transmits that information into DTRS. All of this diagnostic information is assembled on DTRS servers and is made available via a web interface in encrypted format over Wide Area Network (WAN) connections (i.e., satellite or written to self-playing CD-ROMs).

DTRS is also composed of laptop computers (Medweb Lites) that provide the same functionality as a full service DTRS. Medweb Lites are compact and portable. They are specifically targeted for use at smaller Level II Military Treatment Facilities (MTFs) in remote locations. These mobile systems are configured to be used at a particular site and are not removed from their protected work space without authorization.

The Theater Image Repository (TIR) is an extended capability of DTRS. TIR adds a central, long term repository which will store all medical images collected and acquired by authorized users in Afghanistan, Iraq, and Kuwait. The goal of the TIR initiative is to focus on the acquisition and storage of medical images that currently reside locally at the Level II and Level III MTFs. Medical images and artifacts from these facilities are acquired and stored in the TIR. The TIR capability is comprised of diagnostic imaging devices which transmit digital images in standard DICOM format.

The types of personal information about individuals collected in the system include:

Personal descriptors, ID numbers, health information, and life information.

DTRS / TIR acquires, stores, and transmits PII / PHI from active duty military personnel deployed in Theater.

DTRS is owned by the Military Health System (MHS) / Department of Defense (DoD) and the systems are managed through a sustainment contract awarded by Defense Health Clinical Systems (DHCS).

(2) Briefly describe the privacy risks associated with the PII collected and how these risks are addressed to safeguard privacy.

Three potential privacy risks associated with the collection of PII / PHI acquired, transmitted, and stored by DTRS / TIR are: 1.) unauthorized access to the data / system, 2.) inaccurate information contained in the system, and 3.) unauthorized disclosure of PII / PHI from the system.

Safeguards are employed by DTRS / TIR to detect and minimize unauthorized disclosure, modification, or

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destruction of data. Such safeguards include user authentication at logon to the system, access to data based on user ID while logged on, and tracking user modification of data. System log files record system use and login attempts (successful and otherwise). DTRS / TIR information is reviewed by an authorized person to ensure accuracy, data security, and applicable Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) guidance. DTRS / TIR does not provide outgoing reports to other systems; the results of a diagnosis are entered manually into the Theater Medical Information Program (TMIP) Composite Health Care System (CHCS) Cache (TC2).

No classified data is processed by DTRS, and no classified data is communicated across the network. The information on DTRS / TIR includes PII / PHI that requires protection in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended (Public Law 93-579) and controls in compliance with DoD 5400.7-R, "DoD Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) Program." Such information requires special handling, storage, safeguarding, marking, and disposal procedures as provided in DoD 5400.11-R, "Department of Defense Privacy Program." DTRS / TIR will support and comply with the appropriate DoD security requirements for encryption and compression of medical images and allow for storage expansion to accommodate a very significant increase of radiological images generated in Theater.

For the purposes of patient privacy, all data flowing outside the MTF, not specifically on a closed network, must be encrypted. DTRS / TIR allows for the acquisition of digital imaging studies, the storage of those studies, as well as the electronic transmission of studies to support clinical interpretation. Routing of images throughout an MTF's Local Area Network (LAN) is accomplished via Secure Socket Layer (SSL) encryption standard communication protocol known the Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol (TCP / IP). MTF-to-MTF communication is accomplished via TCP / IP utilizing the DoD VPN.

The use of the Unclassified but Sensitive Internet Protocol (IP) Router Network (NIPRNET) or DoD VPN between all MTFs will comply with DoD, Service, and HIPAA policies. User IDs and passwords are required and password files are stored as encrypted files. CAC authentication may be required as well. System directories and files have read, write, and execute privileges set for selected functionality access rights by specific users. All DTRS / TIR users have formal access approval, a valid agency check at the appropriate level for information required to complete their job, and have signed nondisclosure agreements.

h. With whom will the PII be shared through data exchange, both within your DoD Component and outside your Component (e.g., other DoD Components, Federal Agencies)? Indicate all that apply.

$\boxtimes$	Within the DoD Component.					
	Specify.	TC2 and Healthcare Artifact and Imaging Management Solution (HAIMS)				
$\boxtimes$	Other DoD Components.					
	Specify.	Tri-services				
	Other Federal Agencies.					
	Specify.					
	State and Local Agencies.					
	Specify.					
$\boxtimes$	Contractor (Enter name and describe the language in the contract that safeguards PII.)					
	Specify.	AgilexTechnologies, Inc.				
		The contract with Agilex Technologies, Inc. contains a Business Associate Agreement				

(BAA) which states: "In accordance with DoD 6025.18-R "Department of Defense Health Information Privacy Regulation," January 24, 2003, the contractor meets the definition of Business Associate (BA). Therefore, a Business Associate Agreement is required to comply with both the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Privacy and Security regulations. This clause serves as that agreement whereby the Contractor agrees to abide by all applicable HIPAA Privacy and Security

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Furthermore, the BAA states: "The Contractor agrees to use administrative, physical, and technical safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the electronic protected health information that it creates, receives, maintains, or transmits in the execution of this Contract." MTF personnel with the appropriate level of certification will be granted access as a result of a National Agency Check with Written Inquires (NACI) or DoD-determined equivalent investigation and personnel on a need-to-know basis. Other (e.g., commercial providers, colleges). Specify. General Electric (GE) or AGFA (Aktien-Gesellschaft für Anilin-Fabrikation) PACS products i. Do individuals have the opportunity to object to the collection of their PII?  $\boxtimes$ Yes No (1) If "Yes," describe method by which individuals can object to the collection of PII. Submission of PII is voluntary; however, if an individual refuses to provide information, comprehensive healthcare may not be possible. If an individual wants to object to their PII being collected, they may do so by signing DD form 2871, "Request to Restrict Medical or Dental Information." (2) If "No," state the reason why individuals cannot object. j. Do individuals have the opportunity to consent to the specific uses of their PII?  $\boxtimes$ Yes No (1) If "Yes," describe the method by which individuals can give or withhold their consent. Consent to the specific uses of PII is obtained as necessary in accordance with DoD 5400.11-R, "Department of Defense Privacy Program," C.4.1.3. PHI is collected for permitted uses and disclosures as set forth in DoD 6025.18-R, "DoD Health Information Privacy Regulation." Individuals are informed of these uses and are given the opportunity to authorize or restrict the use of their PHI based on the procedures in place at the local facility where the data is collected and maintained, in accordance with DoD 6025.18-R.

requirements regarding health information as defined in this clause, and in DoD

6025.18-R and DoD 8580.02-R, as amended."

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(2) If "No," state the reason why individuals cannot give or withhold their consent.					
What infor	rmation is provided to an individual wh	en asked to provide PII data? Indicate all that			
	acy Act Statement	Privacy Advisory			
☐ Other	er 🗌	None			
Describe each applicable	will be used.	urpose for collecting your personal information and how it			
format.	AUTHORITY: 10 U.S.C., Chapter 55, Medica	al and Dental Care; 32 CFR Part 199, Civilian Health and (CHAMPUS); and E.O. 9397 (SSN), as amended.			
	PURPOSE: To collect information from you radiological images acquired, stored, or trans	in order to appropriately identify and connect your smitted by the DTRS/TIR system.			
	Human Services, Homeland Security, and V foreign government agencies, and to private Department of Defense and individual provicindividual, eligibility, claims pricing and paym	Is may be disclosed to the Departments of Health and eterans Affairs, and to other federal, state, local, or entities, including entities under contract with the lers of care, on matters relating to treatment of the ent, fraud, program abuse, utilization review, quality hird-party liability, coordination of benefits, and civil or			
		oD in accordance with the DoD Blanket Route Uses //SORNsIndex/BlanketRoutineUses.aspx and as ended (5 U.S.C. 552a(b)).			
	permitted by the HIPAA Privacy Rule (45 CF	ur records may be used and disclosed generally as R Parts 160 and 164), as implemented within DoD., but are not limited to, treatment, payment, and			
	DISCLOSURE: Voluntary. If you refuse to pube possible.	provide information, comprehensive healthcare may not			

Comprehensive healthcare may not be possible if the individual refuses to consent to the collection/use of personal information. An individual can consent via: encrypted email, face to face, or telephone call.

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#### NOTE:

Sections 1 and 2 above are to be posted to the Component's Web site. Posting of these Sections indicates that the PIA has been reviewed to ensure that appropriate safeguards are in place to protect privacy.

A Component may restrict the publication of Sections 1 and/or 2 if they contain information that would reveal sensitive information or raise security concerns.

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