Pharmacy Operations Division Formulary Management Branch



Post-Implementation Review Prostate Cancer Agents

Review: February 2019

Implementation: 31 July 2019

DoD UF Class: Oncological Agents

Subclasses: CYP-17 Inhibitors & 2nd-Gen Antiandrogens

Current Formulary Status (July 2020)



Basic Core Formulary (BCF) MTFs must have on formulary	Uniform Formulary (UF) MTFs <u>may</u> have on formulary	Non-formulary (NF) MTFs <u>must not</u> have on formulary
N/A – No CYP-17 Inhibitors or 2 nd -Gen Antiandrogens agents are designated basic core formulary	CYP-17 Inhibitors (CYP17) Step-Preferred: abiraterone acetate micronized (Yonsa) Non-Step-Preferred: abiraterone acetate (generic)* abiraterone acetate (Zytiga) 2nd-Gen Antiandrogens (2nd-Gen AA) Step-Preferred: enzalutamide (Xtandi) Non-Step-Preferred: apalutamide (Erleada) darolutamide (Nubeqa) – Nov 2019	N/A – No CYP-17 Inhibitors or 2 nd -Gen Antiandrogens agents are designated non-formulary

^{*}abiraterone acetate 250 mg (generic) no longer requires trial of Yonsa first – Nov 2019

• abirateone acetate 500 mg (Zytiga) must have a trial of Yonsa OR generic abiraterone acetate 250 mg first AND reason stated why 500 mg is needed

apalutamide (Erleada) and darolutamdie (Nubeqa) are UF, but non-step preferred

must have a trial of enzalutamide (Xtandi) first

Prior Authorization (PA) and Quantity Limits apply to all CYP-17 Inhibitors and 2nd-Gen Antiandrogens

Drugs in Subclasses: CYP17 and 2nd-Gen AA



Generic/	FD	FDA Approval Date	Dosage			Indication		
Brand	MOA			nmHSPC	nmCRPC	mHSPC	mCRPC	GnRH*
abiraterone acetate (Zytiga)	Androgen Synthesis Inhibitor (CYP17)	Apr 2011	1000 mg once daily with prednisone	0	0	X	X	X
abiraterone acetate micronized (Yonsa)	Androgen Synthesis Inhibitor (CYP17)	May 2018	500 mg once daily with methylpred- nisolone	0	0	0	X	X
enzalutamide (Xtandi)	Androgen Receptor Inhibitor	Aug 2012	160 mg once daily		X	X	Χ	X
apalutamide (Erleada)	Androgen Receptor Inhibitor	Feb 2018	240 mg once daily		X	X		X
darolutamide (Nubeqa)	Androgen Receptor Inhibitor	Jul 2019	600 mg BID		X			X

nmHSPC = non-metastatic hormone-sensitive (also known as castration-sensitive or castration-naïve) prostate cancer

nmCRPC = non-metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer

mHSPC = metastatic hormone-sensitive (also known as castration-sensitive or castration-naïve) prostate cancer

mCRPC = metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer

X = original FDA indication from 2015 class review X = new FDA indication since 2015 class review (added 2018 & 2019) O = guideline driven off-label use

^{*}GnRH = gonadotropin-releasing hormone (Patient must be receiving a GnRH analog concomitantly with all five drugs listed above OR have had a bilateral orchiectomy)

Overall Clinical Conclusions (Feb 2019) for CYP17 and 2nd-Gen AA Agents



- Subclasses have two different mechanisms of action
- CYP17 subclass:
 - same molecular entity: abiraterone acetate
 - no difference in guideline driven recommendations between agents (both agents recommended in all non-localized forms of prostate cancer)
 - no clinically meaningful difference in safety between abiraterone agents; monitor patients for mineralocorticoid excess (BP, K⁺, and edema), adrenocortical insufficiency, and hepatotoxicity
- 2nd-Gen AA subclass:
 - only enzalutamide (Xtandi) is recommended for use in mCRPC; both enzalutamide (Xtandi) and apalutamide (Erleada) are recommended in nmCRPC
 - comparative effectiveness of enzalutamide (Xtandi) and apalutamide (Erleada), when used in nmCRPC, cannot be determined at this time
 - similar side effect profiles; PROSPER trial in nmCRPC with enzalutamide (Xtandi) showed disproportionate cardiac side effect/death rate vs placebo, but this was not reproduced in other studies with enzalutamide (Xtandi)
- Ongoing trials for combination CYP17 & 2nd-Gen AA agents in mCRCP
- Pipeline shows 1 agent in each subclass in trials
- No head-to-head comparative trials for any of these agents in either subclass
- Need 1 formulary agent from each subclass

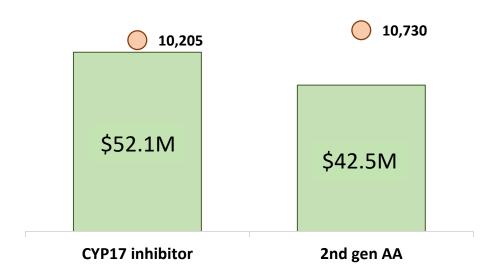


Selected Slides From February 2019 Cost Review

Prostate Cancer agents Utilization and cost, one year



■ MHS Cost ○ 30-day equivalents



CYP17 subclass

	Number of	
One Year	30DE	Net MHS Cost
Mail	4,600	\$20.7M
MTF	1,200	\$5.3M
Retail	4,400	\$26.1M
Total	10,200	\$52.1M

abiraterone (Zytiga 250mg, 500mg) abiraterone (generic for Zytiga 250mg) abiraterone submicronized (Yonsa, 125mg)

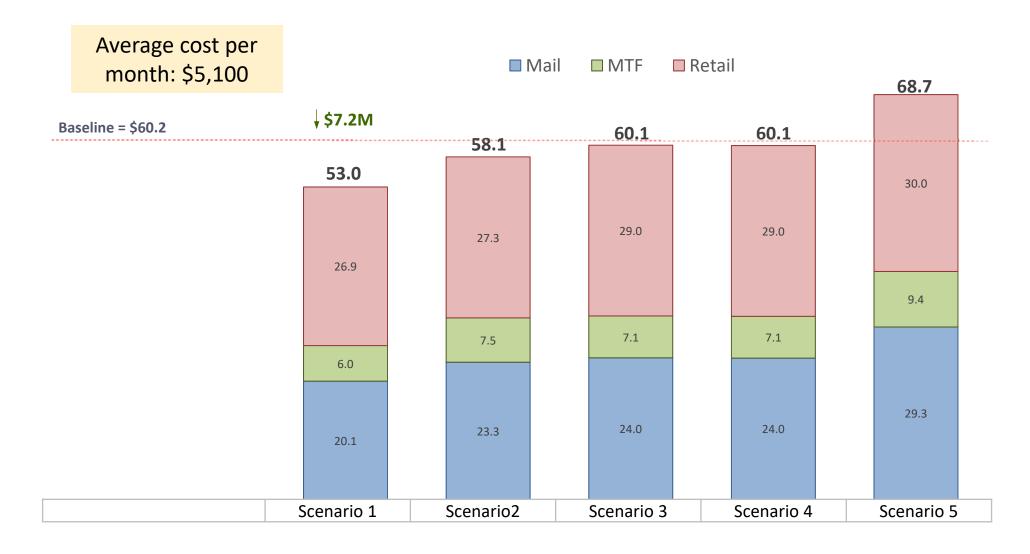
2nd-Gen AA subclass

One Year	30DE	Net MHS Cost
Mail	6,100	\$23.6M
MTF	1,400	\$6.1M
Retail	3,300	\$12.8M
Total	10,800	\$42.5M

apalutamide (Erleada) enzalutamide (Xtandi)

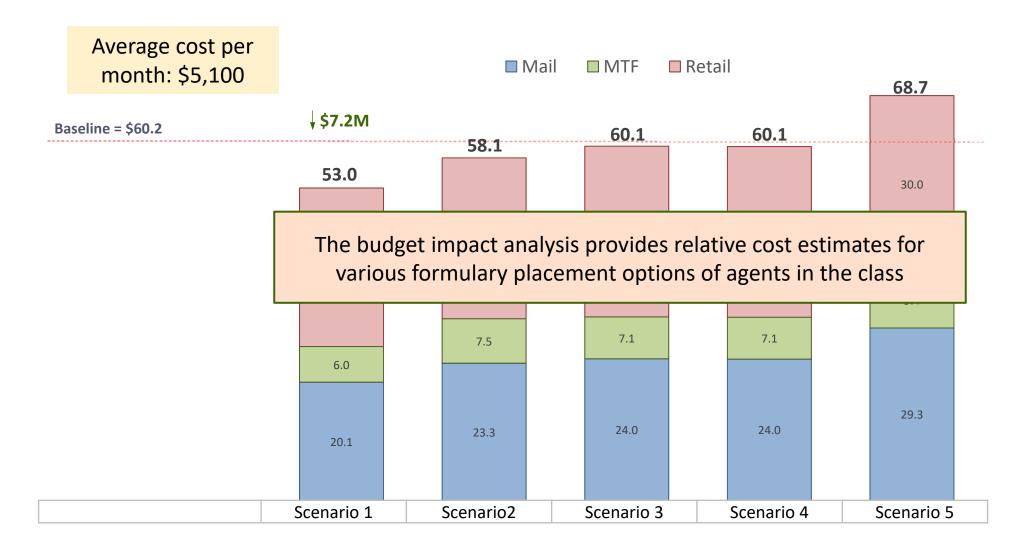
Budget Impact Analysis (BIA) – CYP17 Outlook – One Year





Budget Impact Analysis (BIA) – CYP17 Outlook – One Year



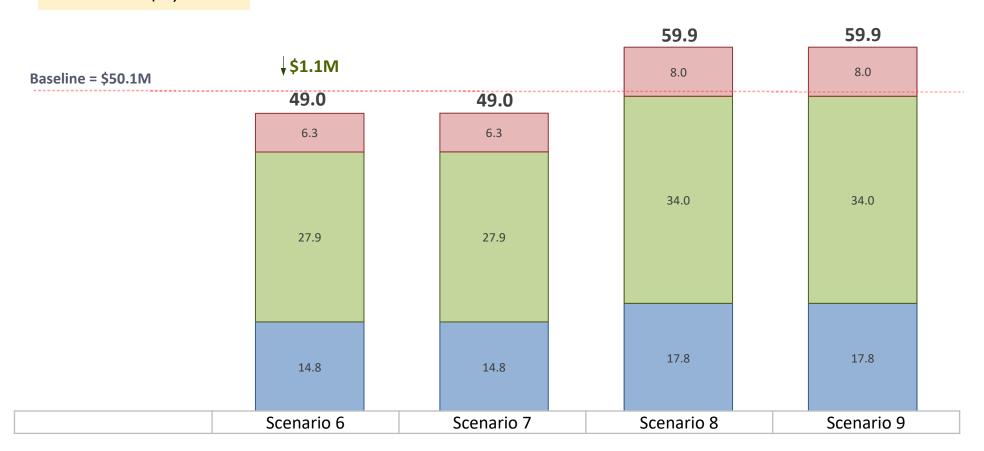


Budget Impact Analysis – 2nd-Gen AAOutlook – One Year



Average cost per month: \$3,900

■ Mail ■ MTF ■ Retail





Committee Recommendations

- Formulary Status Recommendations:
 - ☐ Step-preferred/Tier 1: Yonsa (CYP17); Xtandi (2nd Gen AA)
 - ☐ UF/non-step-preferred: <u>Zytiga</u> (CYP17); <u>Erleada</u> (2nd Gen AA)
- CYP17: No grandfathering
- 2nd Gen AA: Grandfathered
- CYP17 prior authorization criteria required Yonsa step-preferred, then abiraterone 250mg before abiraterone 500mg



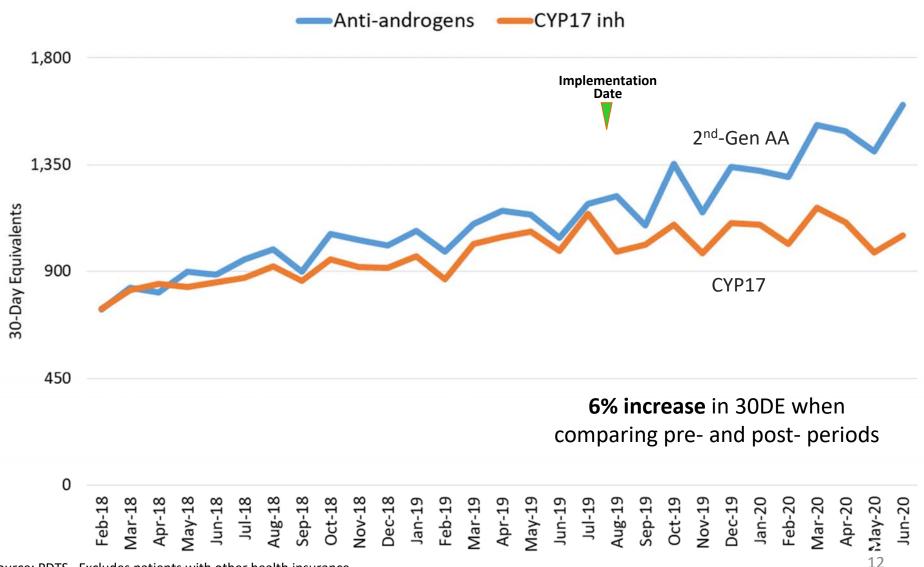
Post-implementation results Implemented Aug 2019

Prostate Cancer Agents 30-Day Equivalents

CYP17: abiraterone (Zytiga) and abiraterone submic (Yonsa) 2nd-Gen AA: apalutamide (Erleada) and

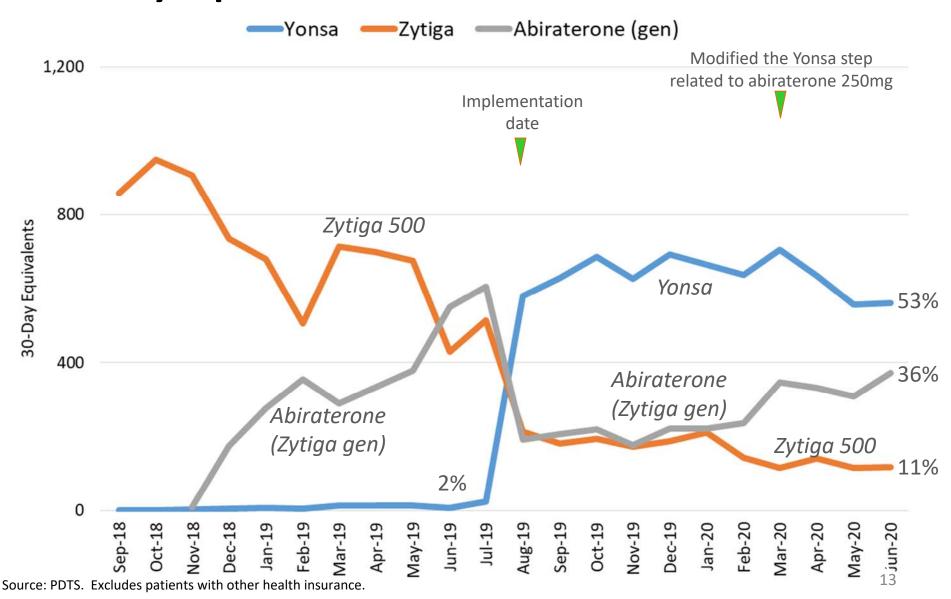
enzalutamide (Xtandi)





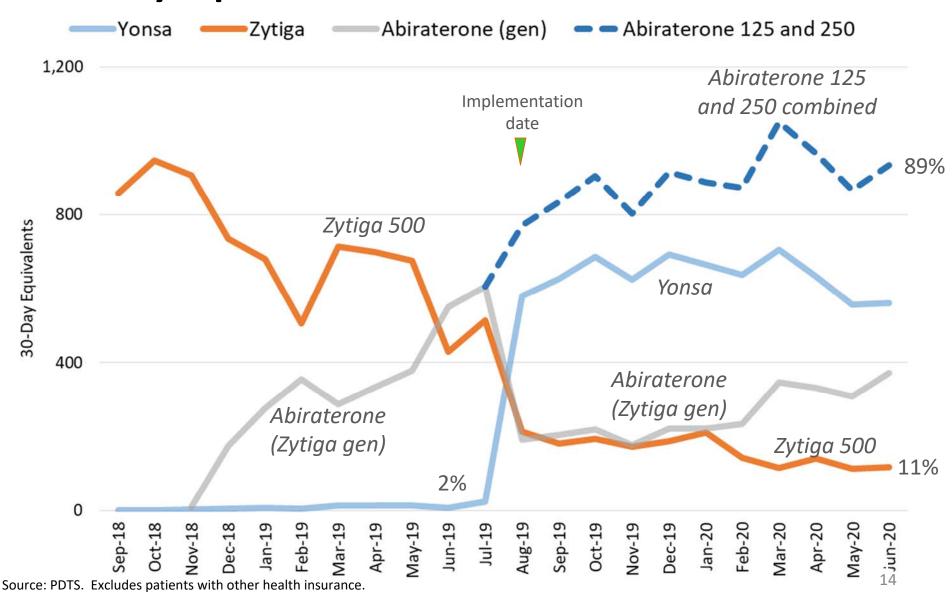
CYP17 Subclass 30-Day Equivalents





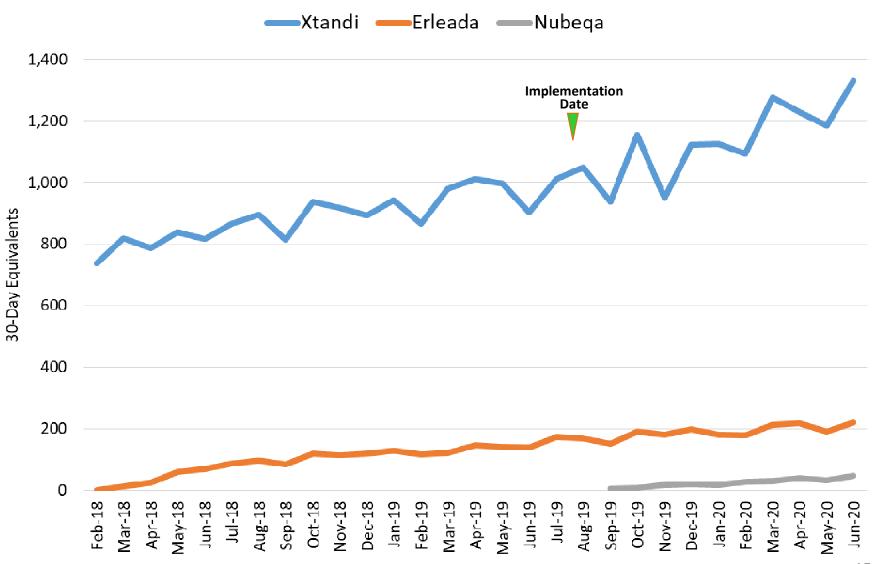
CYP17 Subclass 30-Day Equivalents





2nd-Gen AA Subclass 30-Day Equivalents



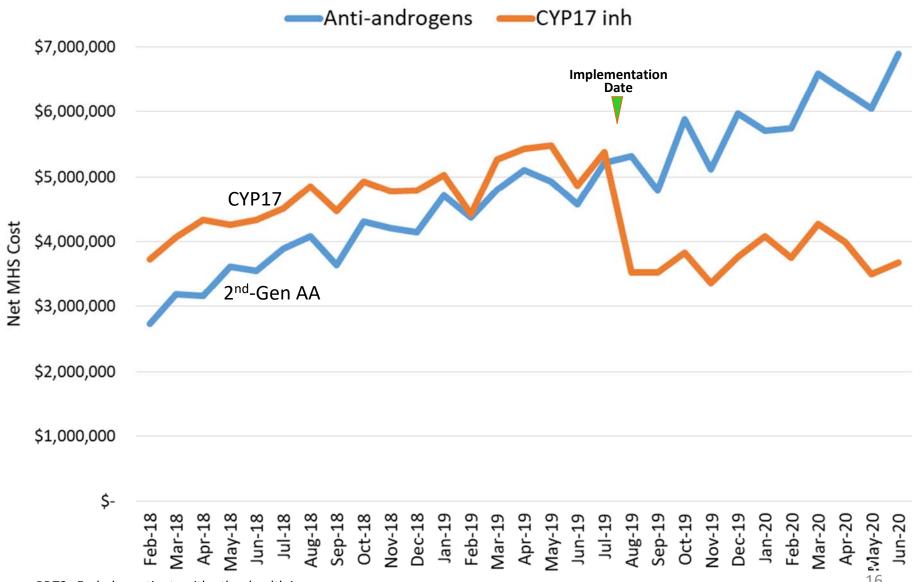


Prostate Cancer Agents Net MHS Cost

CYP17: abiraterone (Zytiga) and abiraterone submic (Yonsa)

2nd-**Gen AA**: apalutamide (Erleada) and enzalutamide (Xtandi)





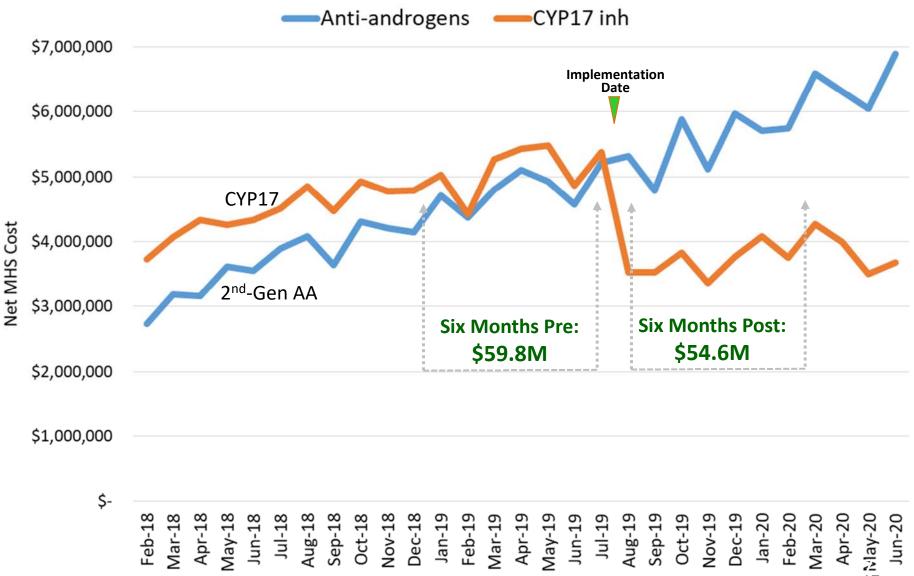
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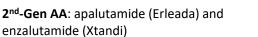


2nd-**Gen AA**: apalutamide (Erleada) and enzalutamide (Xtandi)

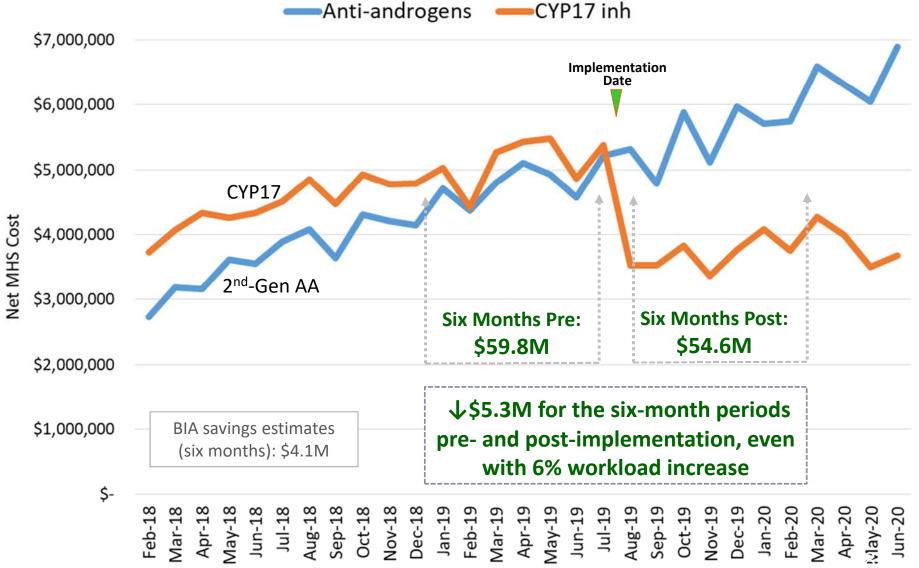


Prostate Cancer Agents Net MHS Cost

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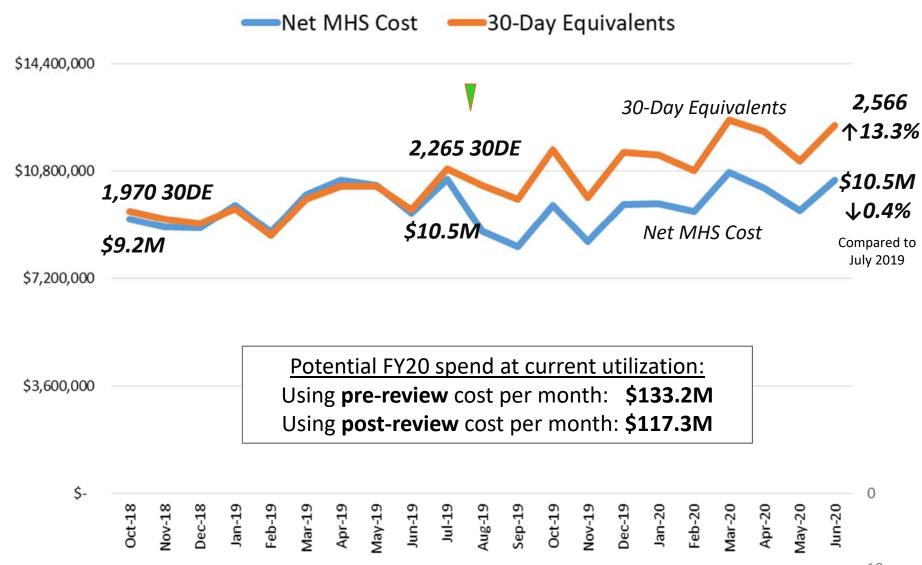






Prostate Cancer Agents Summary of Cost and Workload (30DE)





Prostate Cancer Agents UF Class Review Summary



- The prostate cancer agents class review resulted in **significant** and sustained cost avoidance for the MHS
 - ☐ Patient count and workload were not negatively impacted
 - ☐ Cost avoidance exceeded the conservative BIA estimate
- MHS spend was \downarrow \$5.3M in first six months post-implementation
 - ☐ FY20 potential savings of \$15.9M
- Savings from UF class reviews can vary based on competition, comparator interchangeability, and other market factors
- MTF takeaways:
 - ☐ Review quarterly DoD P&T Committee minutes, and results of other post-meeting reviews, at http://health.mil/pandt
 - □ Formulary management tools can have a huge impact, everyone plays a role in successful implementation