

**DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
PHARMACY AND THERAPEUTICS COMMITTEE
MINUTES AND RECOMMENDATIONS ADDENDUM TO THE MAY 2025
MEETING HELD JULY 10, 2025**

Addendum July 10, 2025

Therapeutic Substitution for Tocilizumab (Tyenne and biosimilars) and Interleukin-23 (IL-23) Inhibitors (Stelara and biosimilars)

I. THERAPEUTIC SUBSTITUTION AT MILITARY TREATMENT FACILITIES (MTFs) AND APPLICATION TO TOCILIZUMAB AND USTEKINUMAB

A virtual meeting was held on July 10th, 2025, to recommend therapeutic substitution for tocilizumab and ustekinumab, and to clarify processes for implementing the anticipated upcoming ustekinumab Joint National Contract (JNC) with other Federal partners, as originally outlined in the November 2024 DoD P&T Committee meeting minutes.

Background: The principles of therapeutic interchange were discussed at the May 2025 DoD P&T Committee meeting, including how the direct care network could optimize current utilization management activities through formal recommendations for Military Treatment Facility (MTF) providers to MTF pharmacies. Additional discussion and recommendations are warranted, due to opportunities to participate in JNCs with other Federal partners and to maximize implementation of DoD P&T Committee formulary changes in drug classes, especially those with biosimilars.

Therapeutic substitution is defined as switching from one drug to another within the same therapeutic class or from different classes that have an expected similar pharmacological outcome.

To ensure high quality, effective operation of the TRICARE Pharmacy benefit and to optimize drug selection and maximize cost avoidance, standardized therapeutic substitution programs will be utilized at the MTFs, as directed by the DoD P&T Committee. Therapeutic substitution will only apply to orders/prescriptions written by MTF providers and filled/dispensed at an MTF pharmacy.

At the virtual meeting, the P&T Committee was further briefed on the benefits of therapeutic substitution from both a local MTF and Military Health System (MHS) perspective. A recommended procedure for therapeutic substitution, along with specific recommendations for two drugs, tocilizumab (Actemra originator) and ustekinumab (Stelara originator) were discussed. Providers and pharmacies are notified when the P&T Committee meeting minutes are approved prior to implementation. When a therapeutic substitution occurs, if the original prescription is written for the non-preferred medication, the patient is notified, with subsequent dispensing of the preferred product. This process will occur automatically at the MTF pharmacy, without additional administrative burden for the provider or patient. Benefits include providing an efficient and effective process for maximizing use of cost-effective pharmaceuticals recommended by the DoD P&T Committee and reducing duplicative work for each individual MTF to develop local therapeutic substitution programs or contacting providers on every prescription that needs to be changed.

Therapeutic Substitution for ustekinumab and tocilizumab: Previous DoD P&T Committee conclusions regarding biosimilars are found in the November 2022 and August 2024 DoD P&T Committee meeting minutes. In summary:

- FDA approved biosimilar products, whether officially designated as interchangeable or not, are equally safe and efficacious when compared to the reference product.
- Similar to the U.S. FDA, European Medicines Agency, and the United Kingdom Medicines and Healthcare Regulatory Agency guidance, the DoD P&T Committee will consider all approved biosimilars as highly interchangeable to the reference product for both efficacy and safety.
- The evidence supports the statement that biosimilars, including but not limited to adalimumab, etanercept, certolizumab, golimumab, tocilizumab, ustekinumab and infliximab are equivalent to the originator product and respective biosimilars for efficacy and safety and may be interchanged based on cost effectiveness.
 - *tocilizumab:* The IL-6 subclass was reviewed at the May 2025 DoD P&T Committee meeting. Tocilizumab-aazg (Tyenne) was selected as Uniform Formulary (UF) and step-preferred, while the tocilizumab originator Actemra was recommended for nonformulary (NF), non-step-preferred placement, pending signing of the May P&T committee minutes document. A trial of Tyenne will be required first before the non-step-preferred tocilizumab products, including Actemra, in all new and current users.
 - *ustekinumab:* The IL-23 subclass was reviewed at the November 2024 DoD P&T Committee meeting. The JNC ustekinumab biosimilar (pending selection) was chosen as the UF step-preferred IL-23 agent. At the February 2025 and May 2025 DoD P&T Committee meetings, newly approved ustekinumab biosimilars were reviewed for formulary placement and considered therapeutically equivalent to the reference product and each other. A trial of the JNC-selected ustekinumab biosimilar will be required before use of the other UF non-step-preferred and NF non-step-preferred products.

Conclusion

- Tocilizumab and ustekinumab biosimilars are equally safe and efficacious to their respective biosimilar and reference products. Any new market entrants will be added to the UF only after DoD P&T Committee review.
- Therapeutic substitution for medications filled at MTF pharmacies written by MTF providers will improve efficiency and facilitate cost avoidance by increasing patient movement to the DoD P&T Committee preferred products, while maintaining clinically appropriate care.
- The DoD P&T Committee will ensure appropriate implementation through DHA Pharmacy Operations Division actions, including:
 - Determining clinically appropriate and cost-effective care

- Notifying MTF providers and MTF pharmacies prior to implementation
- Collaborating with the Department of Veteran's Affairs regarding monitoring patient safety reports

COMMITTEE ACTION: RECOMMENDATION ON THERAPEUTIC

SUBSTITUTION—The P&T Committee recommended (14 for, 0 opposed, 0 abstained, 0 absent) with implementing therapeutic substitution for new and current users to the step-preferred tocilizumab (August 2024 minutes) and ustekinumab (i.e., JNC selected product), contingent on the Director, DHA granting authority. Implementation timeline specifics will be detailed when the JNC award is known and include notification of current patients.

II. IL-23 INHIBITORS: USTEKINUMAB AND THE UPCOMING JNC SELECTION – PRIOR AUTHORIZATION, MEDICAL NECESSITY CRITERIA AND IMPLEMENTATION PERIOD

Background: In anticipation of the ustekinumab JNC selection, updates to the Prior Authorization (PA) criteria, Medical Necessity (MN) criteria, and implementation period are required.

- For several years, branded ustekinumab (Stelara) has been designated as UF, non-step-preferred, requiring a trial of adalimumab (Humira) first. Note that at the time of the November 2024 P&T Committee meeting, ustekinumab biosimilars had not yet entered the market. Market entrance of ustekinumab biosimilars first occurred in January 2025 and these biosimilars were subsequently reviewed as new drugs at the February 2025 and May 2025 quarterly DoD P&T Committee meetings.
- In collaboration, the DoD and the Department of Veteran's Affairs (VA) are soliciting for a Joint National Contract (JNC) for ustekinumab. At the November 2024 DoD P&T Committee meeting, the product that will be selected as the JNC-awarded ustekinumab was selected as UF, step-preferred. Stelara was recommended for UF non-step-preferred placement at the meeting. Bids for the JNC solicitation are anticipated in late July 2025, with an anticipated award date of late September 2025, and subsequent effective date of late 2025.
- PA criteria
 - The JNC-awarded ustekinumab will be UF and step-preferred. Automated specialist bypass for gastroenterologists and dermatologists, and automated lookback for adalimumab (Humira) and other ustekinumabs will be added.
 - The UF non-step-preferred ustekinumab products will require a trial of the JNC-awarded ustekinumab first.
 - The NF non-step-preferred ustekinumab products will require a trial of the JNC-awarded ustekinumab and UF non-step-preferred ustekinumab products first.

- The completely excluded ustekinumab products will have interim PA criteria apply, requiring a trial of the JNC- awarded ustekinumab and UF non-step-preferred ustekinumab products first.
- Removing the current wording in the PA criteria for the IL-23 Inhibitor regarding acknowledgement that ixekizumab (Taltz) is the MHS preferred IL-17 product.
- MN criteria
 - For the ustekinumab non-step-preferred products, updating the MN criteria to allow use if there is an adverse reaction to the step-preferred products.
- Implementation Period
 - For the JNC-awarded ustekinumab step-preferred product, an implementation within two weeks of the JNC effective date.
 - For the UF and NF non-step-preferred products, UF formulary status will be effective 60 days after the effective date.
 - For the UF and NF non-step-preferred products, the PA update will be effective 90 days after the effective date.

COMMITTEE ACTION: USTEKINUMAB PA, MN CRITERIA AND IMPLEMENTATION PERIOD RECOMMENDATION ON THERAPEUTIC SUBSTITUTION—The P&T Committee recommended (14 for, 0 opposed, 0 abstained, 0 absent) with updates to the ustekinumab PA, MN criteria and implementation period, as outlined above.

SUBMITTED BY:

Signed/Signature on file

John P. Kugler, M.D., MPH
DoD P&T Committee Chair

The Director, DHA:

- ☒ concurs with all recommendations.
- ☐ concurs with the recommendations, with the following modifications:

- ☐ concurs with the recommendations, except for the following:

Signed/Signature on file
Bill A. Soliz
BG, USA
Acting Assistant Director
Health Care Administration and
Operations

July 20th, 2026

Date