

## **Defense Health Board**

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Deputy Assistant Director – Medical Affairs
10-11 August 2022

## **Agenda**

- DHA FY22-26 Campaign Plan
- Ready Reliable Care
- Quality and Patient Safety Framework
- Ready Medical Force Framework
- Invasive Procedure Complexity Designations
- Way Ahead





## DHA FY22-26 Campaign Plan Performance Management Framework

#### Military Health System Quadruple Aim



#### **DHA Director's Strategic Priorities**

- 1 Great Outcomes
- 2 Ready Medical Force
- 3 Satisfied Patients
- 4 Fulfilled Staff



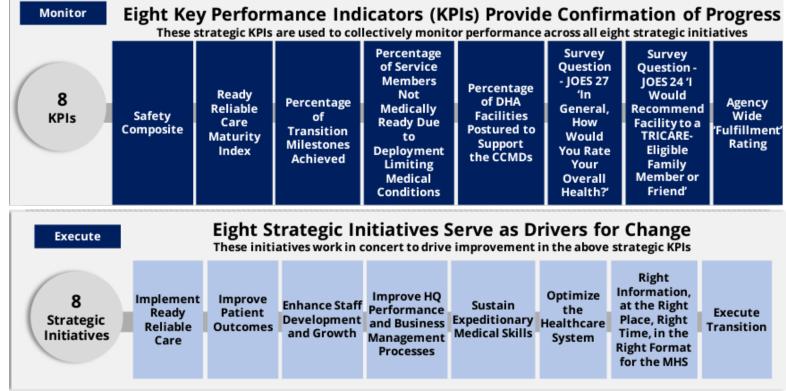
Our most important outcome is a medically ready force

Our MTFs sustain teambased currency and proficiency enabling a ready medical force

Our patients feel fortunate for MHS care that helps them achieve their goals

Our staff feel joy and purpose working in the MHS

The FY22-26 DHA Performance Management Framework outlines how DHA will drive progress on the four priorities by executing eight strategic initiatives that will be measured by eight corresponding key performance indicators. (KPIs).





## **Ready Reliable Care**

**Ready Reliable Care** 

describes all MHS efforts to become a high reliability organization (HRO). An HRO strives for zero harm and remains committed to continuous learning and improvement, despite operating in complex or high-risk environments.

#### READY RELIABLE CARE DOMAINS OF CHANGE

Efforts to improve care and advance a ready, reliable MHS are described against four domains of change.



#### LEADERSHIP COMMITMENT

Prioritize Ready Reliable Care at all levels of leadership



#### **CULTURE OF SAFETY**

Commit to safety and harm prevention



#### CONTINUOUS PROCESS IMPROVEMENT

Advance innovative solutions and spread leading practices



#### PATIENT CENTEREDNESS

Focus on patients' safety and quality of care experience

#### **READY RELIABLE CARE PRINCIPLES**

MHS leaders, staff, and patients contribute to high reliability by embodying the seven Ready Reliable Care principles in their daily work.



### PREOCCUPATION WITH FAILURE

Drive zero harm by anticipating and addressing risks



### SENSITIVITY TO OPERATIONS

Be mindful of how people, processes, and systems impact outcomes



### DEFERENCE TO EXPERTISE

Seek guidance from those with the most relevant knowledge and experience



#### RESPECT FOR PEOPLE

Foster mutual trust and respect



#### COMMITMENT TO RESILIENCE

Leverage past mistakes to learn, grow, and improve processes



### CONSTANCY OF PURPOSE

Persist through adversity towards the common goal of zero harm



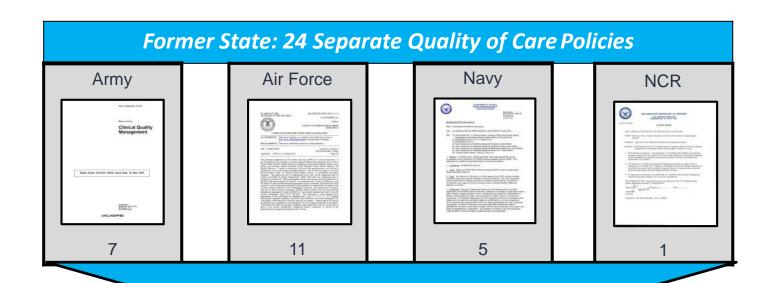
#### RELUCTANCE TO SIMPLIFY

Strive to understand complexities and address root causes





# Enterprise Approach to Clinical Quality Management



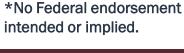
One Overarching Policy Instruction\* for Quality of Care across MHS

\*DHA-PM 6025.13, Clinical Quality Management in the Military Health System, 1 Oct 19.



# Accreditations and Certifications Walter Reed National Military Medical Center\*



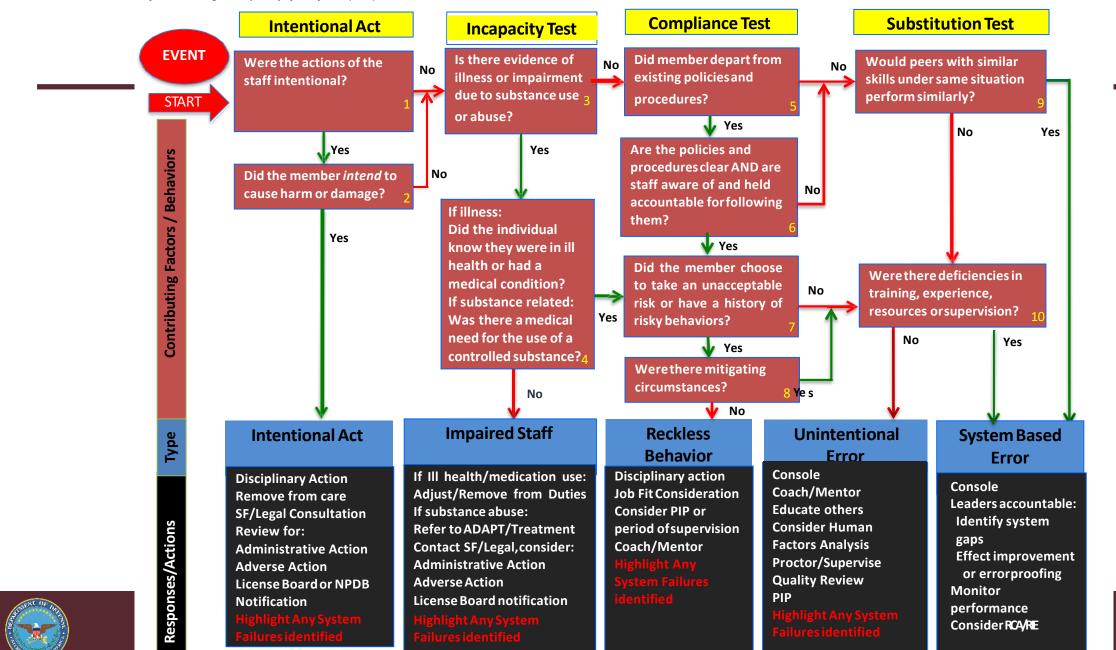






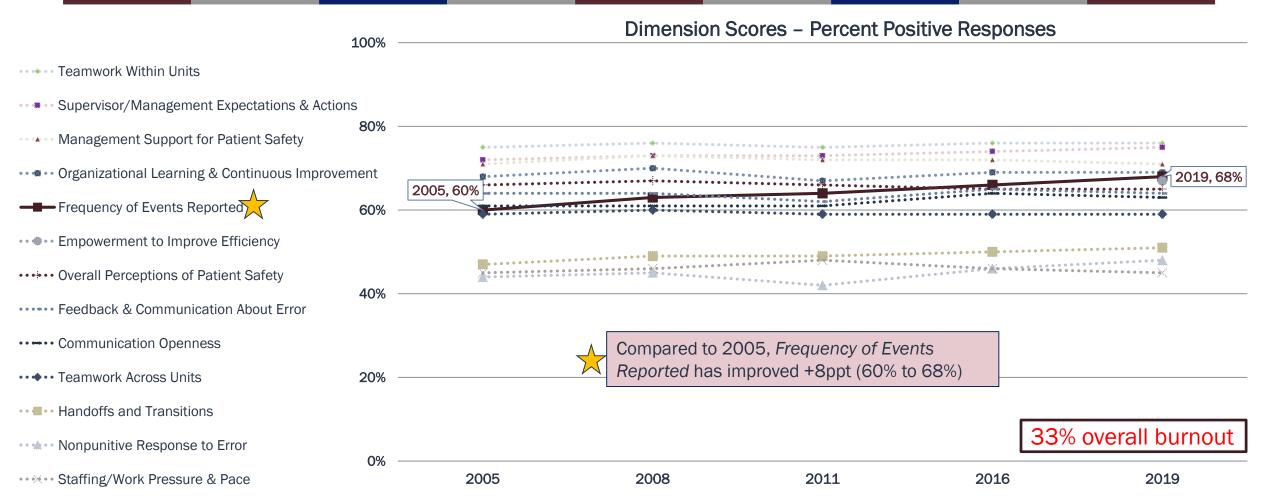
### **Just Culture Algorithm**

Modeled after Reason, A Decision Tree for determining the Culpability of Unsafe Acts (1997)





## MHS-wide Trend Snapshot Dimension Scores – Percent Positive Responses







## **External Quality Participation Agreements**

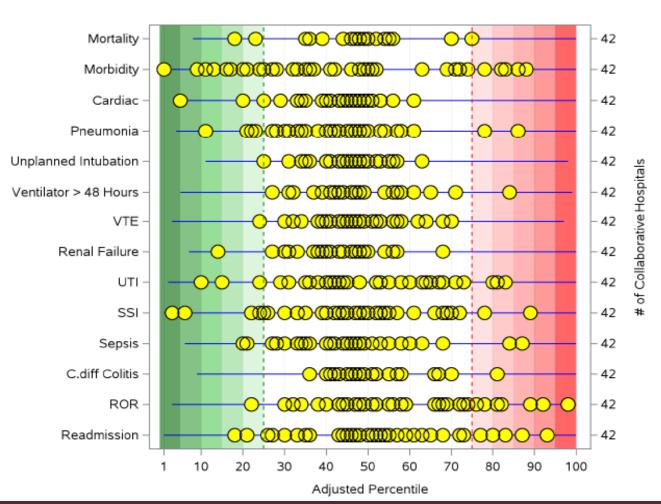
National Quality Database	Number of Participants
National Surgical Quality Improvement Program (NSQIP) Adult	45 MTFs
National Surgical Quality Improvement Program (NSQIP) Pediatric	3 MTFs
Metabolic and Bariatric Surgery Accreditation and Quality Improvement Program (MBSAQIP)	6 MTFs
Trauma Verification, Consultation, Review (VRC) and Trauma Quality Improvement Program (TQIP)	11 MTFs
Perinatal Center Data Base (PCDB)	42 MTFs

National Quality Database	Number of Participants
Hospital/Care Compare	35 MTFs
Leapfrog	42 MTFs
American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO)  Quality Oncology Practice Initiative	1 Pilot Site
ORYX	48 MTFs
Commission On Cancer	9 MTFs
National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN)	48 MTFs



# DOD Adjusted Percentile Rank of Collaborative Hospitals July 2022 SAR

Surgery Dates January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021, All Cases



Model Outcome	Minimum Adj % (OR)	Maximum Adj % (OR)
Mortality	18% (0.68)	75% (1.35)
Morbidity	1% (0.33)	88% (1.56)
Cardiac	5% (0.41)	61% (1.18)
Pneumonia	11% (0.5)	86% (1.91)
Unplanned Intubation	25% (0.75)	63% (1.15)
Ventilator > 48 Hours	27% (0.69)	84% (1.86)
VTE	24% (0.76)	70% (1.26)
Renal Failure	14% (0.56)	68% (1.34)
UTI	10% (0.47)	83% (1.69)
SSI	3% (0.34)	89% (1.69)
Sepsis	20% (0.61)	87% (1.85)
C.diff Colitis	36% (0.81)	81% (1.7)
ROR	22% (0.8)	98% (1.75)
Readmission	18% (0.81)	93% (1.34)



## **ACS NSQIP**

## **DOD Collaborative July 2022 Summary**

Surgery Dates January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021

	Collaborative				NSQIP				
Model Name	Total Cases	Observed Events	Observed Rate	Adjusted Rate *	95% Lower CL	95% Upper CL	Outlier **	Estimated OR	Population Rate
ALLCASES Mortality	40,003	68	0.17%	0.74%	0.58%	0.92%	Low	0.76	0.97%
ALLCASES Morbidity	40,003	1,132	2.83%	5.72%	5.39%	6.05%	Low	0.93	6.13%
ALLCASES Cardiac	40,003	33	0.08%	0.29%	0.17%	0.44%	Low	0.46	0.63%
ALLCASES Pneumonia	39,993	63	0.16%	0.53%	0.38%	0.70%	Low	0.59	0.90%
ALLCASES Unplanned Intubation	40,000	33	0.08%	0.33%	0.21%	0.47%	Low	0.57	0.58%
ALLCASES Ventilator > 48 Hours	39,993	38	0.10%	0.45%	0.31%	0.61%	Low	0.71	0.62%
ALLCASES VTE	40,003	145	0.36%	0.75%	0.64%	0.88%		0.95	0.79%
ALLCASES Renal Failure	39,999	26	0.07%	0.26%	0.16%	0.39%	Low	0.57	0.46%
ALLCASES UTI	39,947	244	0.61%	1.05%	0.92%	1.19%		0.97	1.08%
ALLCASES SSI	39,881	689	1.73%	2.89%	2.68%	3.09%		1.05	2.74%
ALLCASES Sepsis	39,936	92	0.23%	0.67%	0.52%	0.83%	Low	0.75	0.89%
ALLCASES C.diff Colitis	40,003	38	0.09%	0.28%	0.20%	0.37%		0.95	0.29%
ALLCASES ROR	40,003	658	1.64%	3.09%	2.89%	3.29%	High	1.31	2.38%
ALLCASES Readmission	40,003	980	2.45%	4.85%	4.56%	5.14%		1.02	4.75%

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted Rate is the riskadjusted smoothed rate



<sup>\*\*</sup> Outlier status is determined by the risk-adjusted smoothed rate confidence interval relative to the NSQIP population reference rate

## **ACS MBSAQIP Comprehensive and Low Acuity Centers**

- Comprehensive: a minimum of 50 stapling procedures per year approved to perform all approved procedure types
- Low Acuity: a minimum of 25 bariatric procedures per year
- Only approved to provide care to patients <u>>18 years of age</u>
- Center demonstrates compliance with all applicable MBSAQIP Standards and successfully completes a site visit.
- The MBS Clinical Reviewer enters data into the MBSAQIP Registry.



## Six MTFs Participating in MBSAQIP

- Brooke AMC (Comprehensive)
- Evans ACH (Comprehensive)
- Madigan AMC (Comprehensive)
- Walter Reed NMMC (Comprehensive)
- William Beaumont AMC (Comprehensive)
- 81<sup>st</sup> MED GRP Keesler (Low Acuity)



# Strategic Initiative: Improving Ready Reliable Care



**GOAL**: Reduce preventable patient harm and staff burnout.

**METHOD:** Implement six standardized, evidence-based practices designed to:

- Improvement effort focused on culture of safety
   through communication, teamwork and engaging leaders
- Reduce culture-related workplace stressors that contribute to burnout, furthering DHA-wide efforts to promote staff well-being and resilience . . . ultimately contributing to zero preventable harm.

READY RELIABLE CARE SAFETY COMMUNICATION BUNDLE





## MTF Data Transparency: Publicly Available Resources\*



- https://www.leapfroggroup.org
- Five MTFs began participating in annual survey in 2019
- All MTFs and Ambulatory Surgery Centers to be phased in over next 2 years

### Medicare.gov Hospital Compare

- •https://www.medicare.gov/hospitalcompare
- ➤ Quality of care information available for all TRICARE network facilities, VA hospitals and DoD MTFs



- •https://www/health.mil/transparency
- Central site for viewing MTF measures on patient safety, health care outcomes, quality of care, patient satisfaction and access to care





- •https://www.qualitycheck.org/
- ➤ Quality reports and The Joint Commission (TJC) accreditation and certification status for MTFs and TRICARE network facilities



- •www.srtr.org
- Core transplant quality and outcome measures for kidney transplant program at Walter Reed National Military Medical Center



- www.tricare.mil/costs/compare
- > Tool for assessing individual TRICARE costs, including copayments, enrollment fees, and payment options

<sup>\*</sup>No Federal endorsement intended or implied.





# The Leapfrog Group 2022 Results Mitral Valve Repair and Replacement



	ВАМС	Inova	WRNMMC
The number of mitral valve repairs and replacements compared to Leapfrog's standard of <b>40 procedures annually</b>	1-3	153	10
As part of their process for privileging surgeons, does the hospital ensure that each surgeon meets or exceeds Leapfrog's minimum surgeon volume standard of at least 20 procedures annually for mitral valve repair and replacement?	Does Not	Does	Does Not
Does hospital participate in the Society of Thoracic's Surgeons Adult Cardiac Surgery Database?	Does Not	Does	Does Not
Does the hospital have protocols in place to ensure that mitral valve repairs and replacements are only performed on patients that meet defined criteria?	Does	Does	Does Not
This hospital's outcome (absence of mortality and major morbidity) for mitral valve repairs and replacements is:		As Expected	



## Sustain Expeditionary Medical Skills (SEMS) Strategic Initiative

The SEMS Strategic Initiative provides an integrated approach, encompassing five Workstreams, to achieve
initiative objectives and address guidance provided through a myriad of applicable laws, directives, and
references.

Workstream Breakdown



#### Workstream 1

Objective: Facilitate continuous stakeholder engagement, identify future highly perishable mission essential medical skills (HPMEMS) requirements, and enable national trauma system.



#### Workstream 2

Objective: Optimize Direct
Care network as a
readiness platform
through evaluation of MTF
pathways to Trauma
Center verification and
designation status.



#### Workstream 3

Objective: Create partnerships to optimize expeditionary medical skills development with a focus on HPMEMS.



#### Workstream 4

Objective: Recapture complex care workloads with emphasis on HPMEMS.



#### Workstream 5

Objective: Assess and enhance expeditionary medical skills training with a focus on HPMEMS and simulation in support of Services Title 10 responsibilities.





## **Clinical Readiness Lifecycle**

## 1. Periodic Knowledge Assessment:

General Surgery and Orthopedic
Surgery: 300+ surgeons
completed

<u>Trauma and Critical Care</u>: ready for

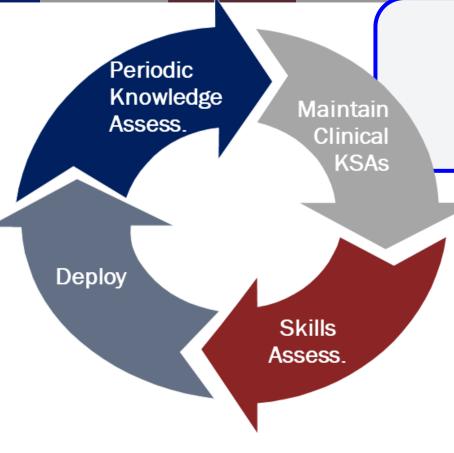
release

Anesthesiology and Emergency

Medicine: in progress

### 4. Deployment Ready:

Ensure baseline jointly required clinical readiness
Service-specific clinical skills, team training, and mission-specific training builds upon this baseline provided by DHA



#### \*Process of external capture in progress

#### 2. Maintain Clinical KSAs:

Recapture: high KSA value
workload from Purchased Care
Expand/Partner: with Veteran's
Affairs (VA) and civilian facilities\*

### 3. Skills Assessment:

<u>Trauma/Orthopedic Trauma</u>
<u>Surgery</u>: 500+ students and
200+ instructors have completed
skills assessments (ASSET+/
COTS+)

<u>Critical Care, Head & Neck, Ocular</u> <u>Trauma</u>: skills assessments are in process





## **CCCT KSA Blueprints**

### **KSA Blueprint Session Scope**

Defense Health Agency (DHA)



Army Medical Department (AMEDD)



Air Force Medical Service (AFMS)



Navy Bureau of Medicine (BUMED)

### **KSA Blueprint Session**

- Defined Role 2+ expeditionary clinician by Specialty
- Defined scope of expeditionary practice by Specialty
- Utilized SMEs, JTS CPGs, case logs and external materials to determine necessary expeditionary skills
- Developed over 5,600 KSAs organized into 111 Domains by Specialty

KSAs Produced

**General Surgery** 487 KSAs

8 Domains

**Ortho Surgery 281 KSAs** 5 Domains

ED 486 KSAs 8 Domains

**Anesthesia** 350 KSAs 7 Domains

**CC Nursing 523 KSAs** 8 Domains

**ED Nursing 352 KSAs** 8 Domains

**Critical Care 325 KSAs** 8 Domains

Trauma Surgery 996 KSAs 11 Domains

CT Surgery 149 KSAs 6 Domains

**Ophthalmology 280 KSAs** 

7 Domains

Vascular Surgery 695 KSAs 8 Domains

**ENT 105 KSAs** 5 Domains

**Neurosurgery** 98 KSAs 4 Domains

OMS **126 KSAs** 5 Domains

Urology 419 KSAs 13 Domains



## MHS Provides Clinical Readiness for the Services

Providing clinical readiness for personnel working in the Operating Room (OR), Emergency Room (ER) and the Intensive Care Unit (ICU) can drive effectiveness of an MTF as a clinical readiness platform for all specialties:

Highly **acute** and **diverse** KSA case mix

Capability to address definitive care for **emergent cases** 



High **OR utilization** and staffing

Consistent **coding** and **ancillary support** for all 3 areas

If all three areas remain busy and productive while seeing a highly acute and diverse KSA case mix, the readiness platform will be successful in the following areas:

Internal Medicine

Quality & Safety

Blood Management Radiology & Imaging

Pharmacy

Nursing & Enlisted Support

Lab

Mass Casualty (MASCAL)/
Casualty Reception

Source: U.S. Army (October 29, 2010).

 $https://www.army.mil/article/47414/bamc\_bringing\_the\_cutting\_edge\_of\_army\_medical\_care\_and\_services\_to\_san\_antonio$ 



## **KSA Metrics Leverage Translatable Skills**



The skills required to resect the right colon for cancer similar to those needed to expose an Inferior Vena Cava (IVC) or manage colon injury

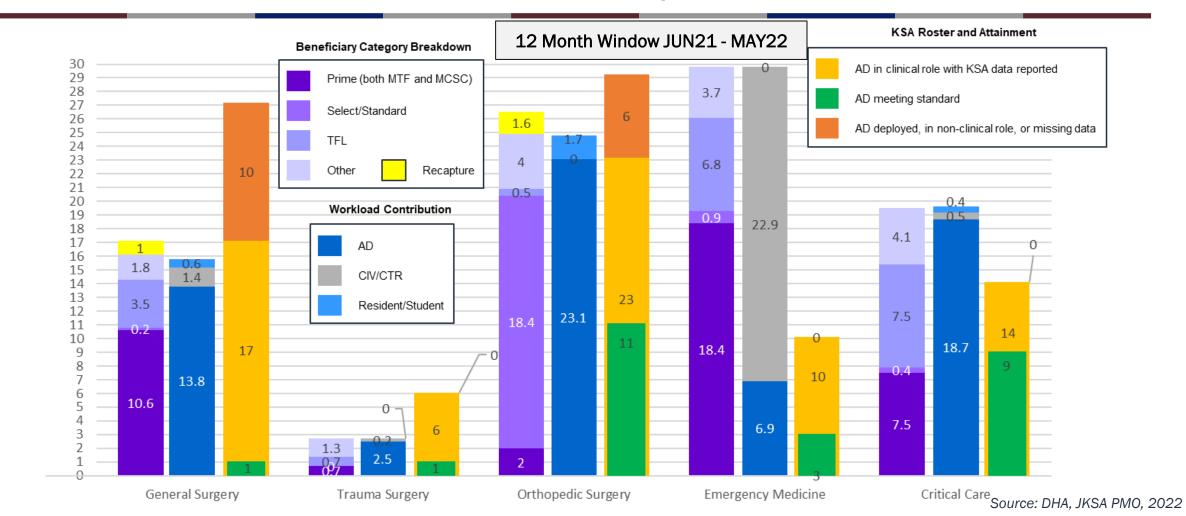


Source: Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS), Clinical Readiness Program (CRP), 2022



## **KSAs Generated and Achieved (Medical Center)**

**Incl. 5% Prime Recapture** 







# Direct Care / Private Sector Care Quality and Safety Approach

MHS Clinical Quality and Safety Summits: To broaden opportunities to collaboratively and objectively define and measure the quality of healthcare delivered in Direct and Private Sector Care to assure safe, high-quality care for MHS beneficiaries.

- ✓ April 2021: Clinical Quality and Safety Measure Overlap Market Measures (#12 shared), MHS Dashboard (#17 shared), AD-HCA R&A Dashboard (work to add PSC data); data constraints and stipulations.
- ✓ <u>August 2021</u>: Patient Safety Measures Review of DHA FY22-26 Campaign Plan KPIs; identify opportunities to harmonize patient safety monitoring, tracking, reporting, improvement efforts and outcomes.
- ✓ <u>March 2022</u>: <u>Maternal Care Measures</u> Current and evolving national maternal care measures and standards TJC, NCQA-HEDIS, Leapfrog. Opportunities for synthesis: NPIC-neonatal readmissions, PPH and SMM, risk-appropriate care.

**Approach to next TRICARE contract** – Include requirements for MCSCs to select quality and safety measures that align with current MHS Direct Care reporting



## **Invasive Procedure Complexity Designation (IPCD)\***

- Outpatient Basic
- Outpatient Intermediate
- Ambulatory Surgery Center (ASC) Basic
- ASC Advanced
- Inpatient Basic
- Inpatient Intermediate
- Inpatient Complex

\*Facilities, equipment, supplies, and staff resourcing requirements will be supported to the level of IPC designation. Clinical judgment should prevail when urgent/emergent procedures are required with consideration, if safe, for stabilization and transfer.





## **Modeling and Simulation Initiatives**

- Complicated Obstetric Emergency Simulation (COES-II)
- Standardized Patient (SP) Contract effort
- Joint Simulation Encounter Form (JSEF)
- Joint Medical Simulation (JMedSIM) Course
- Simulation Office Vendor Expo
- Sim-Space effort
- Joint Emergency Trauma Simulation (JETS) System





On track

Progress, but more req'd

Recommendation	Actions	Status
Integrated health system/measures	DHA transition complete; Campaign Plan, quarterly reviews	
Use risk-based quality assessments	NSQIP expanded; NPIC for OB; CMS Compare, Leapfrog for all hospitals	
Online resources for patient decision-making	Public reporting at MTF and enterprise level	
KSA model for entire surgical team	Expanded KSAs to 5 specialties; surgical team KSA work underway	
Expand and align simulation activities	Model and approach to simulation integration under development	
Rotate low-intensity surgeons/teams	COVID-19 response delayed action on this task	
Standardize policies and procedures	Combined multiple Service clinical policies into single directives	
Expand civilian and VA partnerships	COVID-19 response delayed some actions; some VA partnerships expanded	
Adopt quality/safety programs similar to VA	Infrastructure model for VA in coordination, not final	
Assess outcomes, not just volumes	Moving in right direction (e.g., bariatric); more assessments needed	
Integrate Direct and Purchased Care quality	Standards established; T5 contract under review	



## **Way Ahead**

- Standardization, optimization, innovation
- Continue actions to strengthen standardization, transparency and accountability in MHS CQM
- Continue actions to build a Ready Medical Force by optimizing mix of MTF, military-civilian partnerships and VA experiences for the entire medical team
- Adopt IPCD in order to match infrastructure with case complexity, as well as identify capabilities required to support Large Scale Combat Operations







## **THANK YOU**